Function Description and Maintenance Instruction

aSENSE™ m III
CO$_2$ / CO sensor with built-in general purpose controller

General

The IAQ-sensor product *aSENSE™ m III* is used to measure indoor air carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide concentrations. It is a very flexible controller with programmable outputs for both relay- and linear control of e.g. mixed air dampers, humidifier and fans. The measured values are shown on the display.

The unit can alternatively be connected to common VAV (Variable Air Volume) controllers, or Direct Digital Control (DDC). The linear output functions are pre-programmed. All functions can be modified from a PC with the software UIP (version 4.3 or higher) and the communication cable A232-05-07 CABLE.

Figure 1. *aSENSE™ m III* for wall mounting and ventilation duct mounting

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

aSENSE™ m III is delivered pre-programmed (see description below). With the free software *UIP4.3* (or later versions) and SenseAir's standard communication cable for PC (art.no. A232 Cable) the user can adjust the product to his/hers application by, for example, changing the measurement ranges of the linear outputs, modify the set points of the alarm outputs, invert outputs and also reconfigure the functions and the logic that controls the outputs.
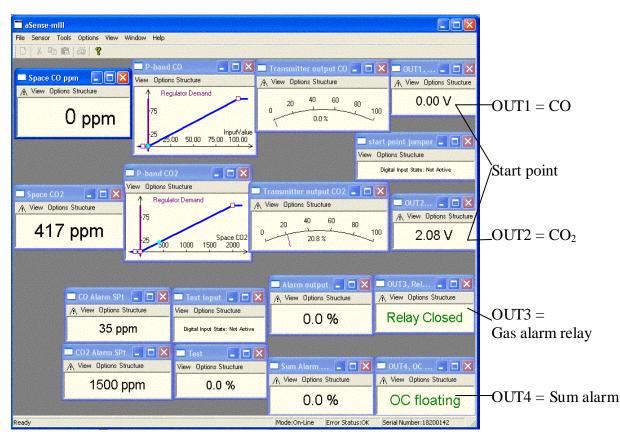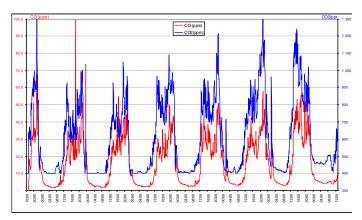

Figure 2. *Print screen of UIP4.3 PC work space of* *aSENSE™ m III* *where the pre set functions can easily be redefined. The four outputs (far right) are here arranged in rows together with the function blocks that controls the output.*

MS-EXCEL

Internal CO and CO$_2$ recorder samples data continuously every 20 minutes. After 13 days and 8 hours the storage memory is full and the oldest data are eventually overwritten one by one. The data storage is secured every four hours. In case of power failure the sampled data of the latest four hours at most will be lost. The other values can be studied with the software UIP4.3 and exported to a text file for further treatment in e.g.

Standard configuration: OUT1 is carbon monoxide output, OUT2 is carbon dioxide output and OUT3 is relay output. OUT4 is error status OR OUT3 is open.

- OUT1 = measuring signal for carbon monoxide concentration
- OUT2 = measuring signal for carbon dioxide concentration
- OUT3 = ON/OFF of demand of air quality. The relay is open in alarm situations and at power loss. NOTE! There is a 15 minutes delay after start-up.
- OUT4 = error status OR OUT3 open, carbon monoxide concentration > 35 ppm OR carbon dioxide concentration > 1500 ppm. There is a 15 minutes delay after start-up.
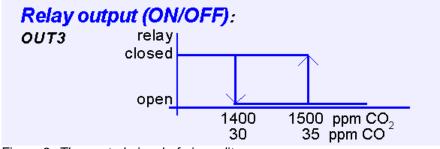

Figure 3. *The control signal of air quality*

Terminal	Standard configuration	Standard settings	Standard function
G+ G0	Power (+) Power ground (-)	24 VAC/DC+ (+-20%), 3W 24 VAC/DC-	2W without output load **The same ground reference has to be used for the *aSENSE™ m III* unit and for the control system!**
OUT1	0-10VDC	0-100 ppm CO	Measuring signal carbon monoxide
OUT2	0-10VDC	0-2000 ppm CO_2	Measuring signal carbon dioxide
M	Signal Ground (-)		Connected to G0 via PTC fuse
Relay Closed Open		 < 30 ppm CO < 1400 ppm CO_2 > 35 ppm CO > 1500 ppm CO_2	Air control Delay 15 minutes after start. The green LED is lit The relay is open in alarm situations and at power loss. The red LED is lit and the green is not lit.
OUT4 Open collector	Open Closed	No error detected AND normal gas concentrations Error detected OR high gas concentrations	Error status Delay 15 minutes after start. The red LED is lit if an error OR high gas concentrations are detected. If an error is detected also the yellow LED is lit

Table I. *Default configuration of aSENSE™ m III .*

Output Configurations

A label on the inner side of the sensor lid shows the configuration of the outputs at the time of product delivery. The sensors/controllers are supplied from the factory (unless otherwise ordered) with 0...10VDC linear outputs for OUT1 and OUT2. OUT4 is an open collector output (see *Table II*). If different output configurations are needed for the application, these have to be reconfigured before the unit is powered up. Default values are 0-10 V.
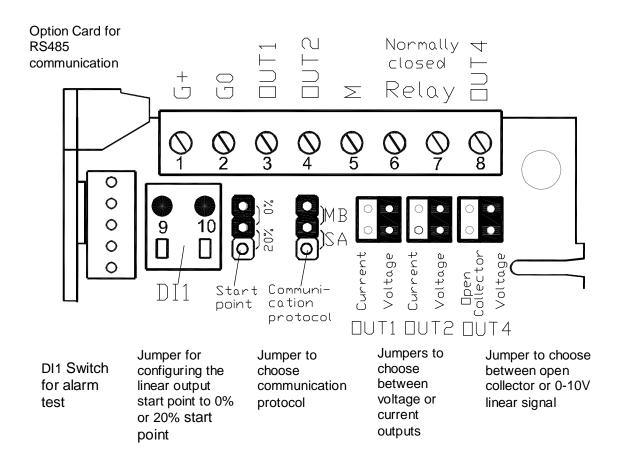

Figure 4. *The connection terminal area of the aSENSE™ m III with jumpers and terminals. The terminal DI1 may be used for forced ventilation. If the sensor has a heater it is connected to G+ and G0.*
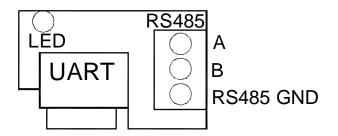
Jumper	Position	Function
Start point selection jumper	0%	Jumper top position provides 0Vdc or 0mA start point for OUT1, OUT2 (0-20mA or 0-10V).
	20%	Jumper bottom position provides 2Vdc or 4mA start point for OUT1, OUT2 (4-20mA or 2-10V).
Communi-cation selection jumper	MB	Modbus communication protocol
	SA	SenseAir communication protocol

OUT1	Current	Connection in position "Current" provides 0/4-20mA output range for OUT1.
	Voltage	Connection in position "Voltage" provides 0/2-10VDC output range for OUT1.
OUT2	Current	Connection in position "Current" provides 0/4-20mA output range for OUT2.
	Voltage	Connection in position "Voltage" provides 0/2-10VDC output range for OUT2.
OUT4	Voltage	Connection in position "Voltage" provides 0-10VDC for OUT4.
	Open collector	Connection in position "Open collector" provides an open collector output. Max 0,5A, 55VDC / 40VAC (half-wave rectifier).

Table II. *Configuration jumpers for aSENSE™ m III*

Option Network Adapter for Connection to RS-485-Network

The network adapter to RS-485-network is mounted on the PCB. The green LED flashes every time the adapter answers calls from the network master.

The adapter is put on the UART connector with all five pins connected. All five pins of the UART must be connected. The adapter should be mounted with the RS-485 terminal facing the other terminals and the LED facing the display.

Push Button Operation for *aSENSE™ m III*

This sensor has two push buttons, MENU and ESC. The YELLOW LED will acknowledge a successful push by a short flash. The push button MENU is available for selection of display value or maintenance commands, whereas ESC is available to escape back from a selected level.
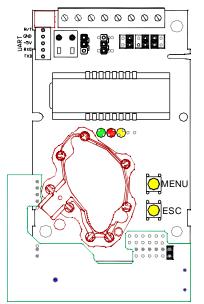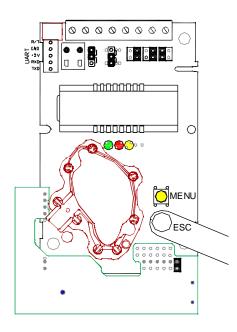

Figure 5. *The sensor with push buttons*
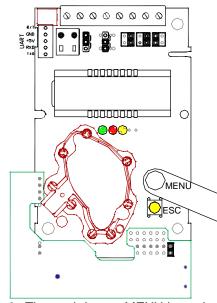

Figure 6. *The push button MENU is pushed*
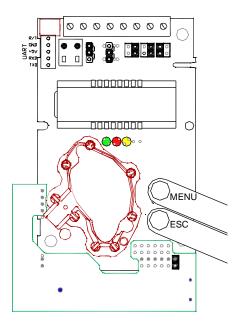

Figure 7. *The push button MENU is pushed*

Figure 8. *The ENTER command is done by pushing buttons MENU and ESC at the same time for about 14 seconds*

Display modes

In DISPLAY MODE the *DEFAULT* operation is that the sensor alternates between *carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide readings* presentation. The push button MENU(+) is used to select the indicated value on the display to be *the error code* or *the set points of temperature and CO_2* After power up the display will always return to the Default display mode. If a *permanent change* of default values is requested the PC software is to be used.

Function Line	Display	Time limit	Function description
0	CO / CO_2	no	DEFAULT - Normal operation
1	Exxx	yes	Error code. If no error has been detected the code E0 is shown. The error code is reset with Entr(+-).
2	Present CO and CO_2. set points	no	Toggle between display of temperature and CO_2 set point with MENU(+).

Table III. *On the display without entering the maintenance menu*

Maintenance level

A number of execution options are available from the MAINTENANCE MENU (see Table IV). This level is accessed only from the display mode in the **set points of CO and CO_2** selection. A two buttons push and an access code restricts access, intended for competent trained service personnel only. The Entr(+-)command is done by PUSHING MENU AND ESC AT THE SAME TIME (hold down for about 10 seconds). The access code has eight binary digits; one press at MENU(+) equals 1 and one press at ESC(-) equals 0. The code value can be changed for your personal choice from the software UIP 4.3.

Always use the ESC button to return to the DEFAULT mode. Several pushes of the ESC button may be needed to return to the DEFAULT mode. The **Entr(+-)** push (MENU & ESC) eventually leads to execution of functions, which causes temporary or permanently change of any parameter, that affects the system outputs!

Function Line	Display	Time limit	Function description
3	ECxx	yes	Access code to the **service menu** The default value of the code is 255 (=11111111, that is eight presses on MENU(+)). Press down MENU(+) and let it scroll until it stops. The last two digits of the code are shown. Then ENTER to accept the selected code.
4a	SPCO	yes	For setting the **set point** of the **CO** concentration**.**
4b	The present CO set point	yes	For **increase / decrease** of the **CO set point.** The set point is increased by stepping with MENU(+) button. Decreasing is done by stepping with the ESC(-) button.
5a	SPc	yes	For setting the **set point** of the CO_2 concentration
5b	The present CO_2 set point	yes	For **increase / decrease** of the **CO_2-concentration set point** The set point is increased by stepping with MENU(+) button. Decreasing is done by stepping with the ESC(-) button.
6a	AOUt	yes	First step of adjusting the analogue outputs MAX and MIN values
6b	An xx	no	Select analogue output by stepping with MENU(+) button
6c1	SetL	no	Leads to adjustment of the MIN value.
6d1	The present MIN value in % of FS	no	Increase the MIN value by stepping with the MENU(+) button. Decrease by stepping with the ESC(-) button. The output is set to the MIN value and can be checked with a multimeter.
6e1	Sure	no	The adjustment is saved by pressing Entr(+-). Press ESC to return without saving.
6c2	SetH	no	Leads to adjustment of the MAX value
6d2	The present MAX value in % of FS	no	Increase MAX value by stepping with the MENU(+) button. Decrease by stepping with the ESC(-) button. The output is set to the MAX value and can be checked with a multimeter.
6e2	Sure	no	The adjustment is saved by pressing Entr(+-). Press ESC to return without saving.
7	CALb	yes	**Background calibration of the CO sensor and the CO_2-sensor with fresh air**. An easy way to correct the zero point error. The sensor needs fresh air (380-420 ppm CO_2). The calibration must be confirmed by pressing Entr(+-). The CO_2 sensor is calibrated to 400 ppm CO_2 and the CO sensor to 0 ppm CO.
7a	Sure	yes	Confirm that a background calibration shall be done.
8	CAL	yes	**Zero point calibration** of the CO sensor and the CO_2 sensor. The sensor needs zero gas. See the zero point calibration instruction. The calibration must be confirmed by pressing Entr(+-).
8a	Sure	yes	Confirm that a zero point calibration shall be done.

Table IV. *Maintenance functions available on aSENSE™ m III to set output limits. Time limit refers to an internal time-out that returns the LCD and maintenance function back to normal. ENTER is a simultaneous pressing on MENU and ESC.*

PLEASE NOTE! If a power failure happens when the sensor has OUT1...4 locked to min/max limits, then the sensor will have this output locked when the power returns. It is necessary to enter this menu item and release the output manually!

EXAMPLE I:

Setting of the MAX value of the analogue outputs

The access code is time limited. If the time limit is exceeded the sensor returns to DEFAULT.

ENTR =MENU(+) and ESC(-) are pushed simultaneously.

1. At the start of the setting the sensor is in DEFAULT.

2. Push MENU(+) once to reach the error code. The display shows E + the error code number. No error is shown as E000.

3. Push MENU(+) once. The display shows the CO set point e.g. 35.

4. Push ENTR(+-) once. The display shows EC and two digits. Enter the access code to the service menu. If the default code is used do like this: Push MENU(+) until the digits stop. The display shows EC55. If the correct code is not entered before the time limit exceeds the sensor returns to DEFAULT.

5. Push ENTR(+-) once. The display shows SPCO to set the CO set point.

6. Push MENU(+) once to reach the carbon dioxide set point. The display shows SP C.

7. Push MENU(+) once to reach the setting of analogue outputs. The display shows AOUt.

8. Push ENTR(+-) to reach the output to be set. The display shows An and two digits e.g. An 01. Step to the requested output by pushing MENU(+).

9. Push ENTR(+-) to reach the setting of the MIN value. The display shows Set L.

10. Push MENU(+) to reach the setting of the MAX value. The display shows Set H.

11. Push ENTR(+-) to set the MAX value of the output. The display shows the numerical value in % e.g. the standard setting100.0 % or previously set value. Push MENU(+) to increase the MAX value. Push ESC(-) to decrease the MAX value. Push ENTR(+-). The display shows Sure. Push ENTR(+-) to save the setting and return to Set H. Push MENU(+) or ESC(-) to return to Set H without saving the new setting. Push ESC(-) to return to the output to be set, item 12. Push ESC(-) once again to return to the setting of analogue outputs item 11.
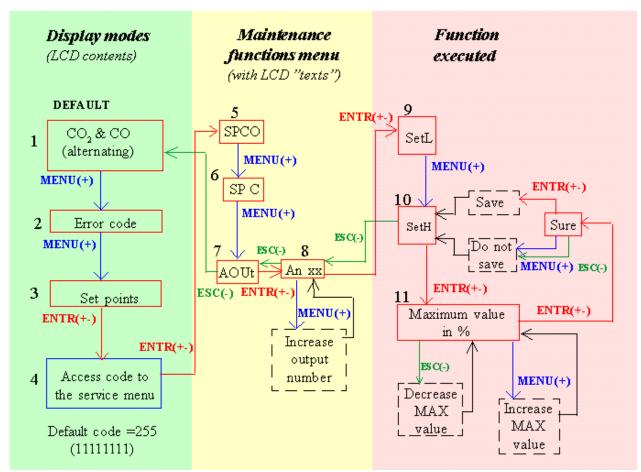
Figure 9. *Maintenance functions available on aSENSE™ m III to set output limits. Only flow chart for setting High limits are shown, but Low limits are set in the very same way. The numbers in the flow chart refers to the points in example 1. Function blocks that are time limited are indicated by blue boarders. Time limit refers to an internal time-out that returns the LCD and maintenance function back to normal. ENTER is a simultaneous pressing on MENU and ESC.*

EXAMPLE II:

Setting of set points for carbon monoxide concentration and carbon dioxide concentration, the MAX and MIN values of the analogue outputs and calibration of the sensor

The access code and the recalibration of the sensor are time limited. If the time limit is exceeded the sensor returns to DEFAULT.

ENTR =MENU(+) and ESC(-) are pushed simultaneously.

1.   At the start of the setting the sensor is in DEFAULT.

2.   Push MENU(+) once to reach the error code. The display shows E + the error
        code number. No error is shown as E000.
        (Push ESC(-) to return to DEFAULT if requested

3.   Push MENU(+) once. The display shows the CO set point e.g.
        35 ppm and the carbon dioxide set point e.g. 750ppm.
        (Push ESC(-) to return to DEFAULT if requested.)

4.   Push ENTR(+-) once. The display shows EC and two digits. Enter the access
        code to the service menu. If the default code is used do like this:
        Push MENU(+) until the digits stop. The display shows EC55.
        If the correct code is not entered before the time limit exceeds the sensor returns
        to DEFAULT.

5.   Push ENTR(+-) once. The display shows SPCO to set the carbon monoxide set point.

6.   Push ENTR(+-) once. The display shows the carbon monoxide set point e.g. ex 35
        ppm. Push MENU(+) to increase the set point value in steps of 1 ppm.
        Push ESC(-) to decrease the set point value in steps of 1 ppm.

7.   Push ENTR(+-) once when the set point is set. The display shows SPCO.
        Push ESC(-) to return to DEFAULT.

8.   Push MENU(+) once to reach the carbon dioxide set point.
        The display shows SP C.

9.   Push ENTR(+-) once. The display shows the carbon dioxide set point e.g. 750 ppm.
        Push MENU(+) to increase the set point value in steps of 50 ppm.
        Push ESC(-) to decrease the set point value in steps of 50 ppm.

10.   Push ENTR(+-) once when the set point is set. The display shows SP C.
        Push ESC(-) to return to DEFAULT.

11.   Push MENU(+) once to reach the setting of analogue outputs.
        The display shows AOUt.

12. Push ENTR(+-) to reach the output to be set. The display shows An and two digits e.g. An 01. Step to the requested output by pushing MENU(+).

13. Push ENTR(+-) to reach the setting of the MIN value. The display shows Set L.

14. Push ENTR(+-) to set the MIN value of the output. The display shows the numerical value in % e.g. the standard setting 0.0 % or previously set value. Push MENU(+) to increase the MIN value. Push ESC(-) to decrease the MIN value. Push ENTR(+-). The display shows Sure. Push ENTR(+-) to save the setting and return to Set L. Push MENU(+) or ESC(-) to return to Set L without saving the new setting.

15. Push MENU(+) to reach the setting of the MAX value. The display shows Set H.

16. Push ENTR(+-) to set the MAX value of the output. The display shows the numerical value in % e.g. the standard setting 100.0 % or previously set value. Push MENU(+) to increase the MAX value. Push ESC(-) to decrease the MAX value. Push ENTR(+-). The display shows Sure. Push ENTR(+-) to save the setting and return to Set H. Push MENU(+) or ESC(-) to return to Set H without saving the new setting. Push ESC(-) to return to the output to be set, item 12. Push ESC(-) once again to return to the setting of analogue outputs item 11.

17. Push MENU(+) to reach the calibration with fresh air. The sensor needs fresh air, air with 400 ppm carbon dioxide. The display shows CALb. Push ENTR(+-). The display shows Sure. Push ENTR(+-) to confirm that a background calibration should be done. After completed background calibration the sensor returns to DEFAULT. If a background calibration should not be executed push MENU(+) or ESC(-). The background calibration has a time limit.

18. Push MENU(+) to reach the zero point calibration. The sensor needs carbon dioxide free air or gas. . The display shows CAL. Push ENTR(+-). The display shows Sure. Push ENTR(+-) to confirm that a zero point calibration should be done. After completed zero point calibration the sensor returns to DEFAULT. If a zero point calibration should not be executed push MENU(+) or ESC(-). The zero point calibration has a time limit.

FUNCTIONAL TEST of CO_2 / CO *aSENSE™ m III*

Functional test

The unit has three LED's – green, yellow and red. These LED's indicate the status of the controller. An internal delay function prevents the alarm functions of the relay and OUT4 output during 15 minutes after power up. The alarm outputs may be tested after the 15 minutes delay

Green LED - "No alarm situation" is lit, when the relay is contact closed.

Yellow LED - "Call for maintenance" is lit, if an error flag is set or the measurement is out of range. This information is also shown on the display by the wrench icon. Any push button press, or executed maintenance function, is acknowledged by emission from this LED. If an error has been detected both the yellow and red LEDs are lit.

Red LED - "Alarm high gas concentrations" is lit, when the open collector output is activated (contact closed). The CO concentration is 35 ppm or more OR the CO_2 concentration is 1500 ppm or more OR if the yellow LED is lit.

A simple and visual functional test can easily be performed. Take a breath and blow the air from a distance of a few centimetres on the sensor. The sensor will detect a rapid increase in the carbon dioxide concentration. The red LED is lit and the green LED is turned off when the CO or CO_2 concentration goes above the pre-set value. If the sensor is connected to a controller, the flow of the ventilation system will eventually increase by change of the fan speed or opening of a damper actuator (depending on the installation/application).

Test gas verification

If the measurement of a sensor is to be verified, a test gas with carefully determined concentration of CO and CO_2 must be used. For zero calibration pure nitrogen or air that has passed through a chemical absorber should be used. In fresh air the carbon monoxide concentration is nearly zero. The Zero calibration bag can be used to produce carbon dioxide free air. Check the CO and CO_2 values of the display or the voltage of the output 1 for CO and the voltage of the output 2 for CO_2 with a multimeter when the values have stabilized.

When a zero calibration shall be executed a plastic tube with 2,2 mm outer diameter and 0,8 mm inner diameter shall be inserted in marked holes of the sensor. A plastic tubing is connected to the tube. The gas flow should be between 0,3 and 1,0 l/min.

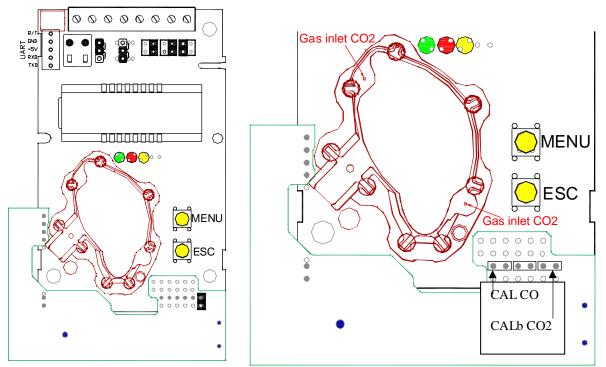| Marking	Function
CALb CO2	**Background calibration = CO_2 sensor calibration with fresh air**. An easy way to correct the zero point error. The sensor needs fresh air (380-420 ppm CO_2). The CO_2 sensor is calibrated to 400 ppm CO_2.
CAL CO2	**Zero point calibration** of the CO_2 sensor. The sensor needs carbon dioxide free gas.
CAL CO	**Zero point calibration** of the CO sensor with fresh air. The CO sensor is calibrated to 0 ppm CO

Figure 10. *The PCB with the calibration jumper in default position. An enlarged part of the PCB with marked gas inlets and jumper positions for calibration is shown at right.*

PLEASE NOTE!
The sensor accuracy is defined at continuous operation (at least 3 weeks after installation)

Self diagnostics

The system contains complete self diagnostic procedures. A full system test is executed automatically every time the power is turned on. For *aSENSE™ m III* the internal voltage regulators and outputs are checked. In addition, constantly during operation, the sensor probes are checked against failure by checking the valid dynamic measurement ranges. These different system checks return error bytes to the system RAM. If any error is detected, the yellow LED will be lit until the error has vanished and the error flag is reset. "Warm up" and "Out of Range" are the only bits that are reset automatically after return to normal state. All other error bits have to be reset manually after return to normal state – either by pushing MENU & ESC buttons simultaneously for (=Entr(+-) or by power off and restart.

By pushing the push button "MENU" the error code *number Exxx* is shown on the LCD. Descriptions of the different codes are listed below.

Error code and action plan

Bit #	Error code	Error description	Suggested action
0	N/A	**Fatal Error** Yellow LED continuously flashes. Push buttons are not operating.	Try to restart sensor by power OFF/ON. Contact local distributor
1	2	**Reserved**	

2	4	**Algorithm Error**. Indicate wrong EEPROM configuration.	Try to restart sensor by power OFF/ON. Check detailed settings and configuration with UIP software version 4.3 and higher. Contact local distributor
3	8	**Output Error** Detected errors during output signals calculation and generation.	Check connections and loads of outputs. Check detailed status of outputs with UIP software version 4.3 and higher.
4	16	**Self Diagnostic Error**. May indicate the need of zero calibration or sensor replacement.	Check detailed self diagnostic status with UIP software version 4.3 and higher. Contact local distributor
5	32	**Out Of Range Error** Accompanies most of other errors. Can also indicate overload or failures of sensors and inputs. Resets automatically after source of error disappearance.	Try sensor in fresh air. Check connections of temperature and relative humidity probe. Check detailed status of measurements with UIP software version 4.3 and higher. ***See Note 1!***
6	64	**Memory Error** Non fatal error during memory operations.	Check detailed settings and configuration with UIP software version 4.3 and higher.
7	128	**Warm Up state** Is always set after power up or power failure. Resets after restart sequence	If it doesn't disappear in half a minute, check power stability.

Table V. *Error codes*

Note 1. *Any probe is out of range. Occurs, for instance, during over exposure of CO_2 sensor, in which case the error code will automatically reset when the measurement values return to normal. Could also indicate the need of zero point calibration. A background calibration using push button function "bCAL" will cure this error (a more exact zero calibration using "CAL" may be performed later, if required). If the CO_2 readings are normal, and still the error code remains, the temperature or relative humidity sensor can be defect or the connections to these are broken.*

Please remark*: If several errors are detected at the same time the different error code numbers will be added together into one single error code!*

Maintenance

The *aSENSE™ m III* is basically maintenance free. An internal self adjusting calibration function takes care of normal long term drift associated to the CO and CO_2 sensor. To secure the highest accuracy, a time interval of five years is recommended between calibrations, unless some special situations have occurred. A zero calibration can be performed by use of the push button functions, or for a complete overview by use of a PC together with the *UIP software version 4.3* (or higher). This software can be free downloaded from www.senseair.com. A RS232-cable, article code *A232-05-07 CABLE*, is needed and can be ordered from SenseAir. The cable is to be connected to the UART port slide connector *(Fig 10)*. For change of control parameters and re-calibration (CO_2 and CO) this PC tool has to be used. The check can be done on site without interfering with the ventilation system.
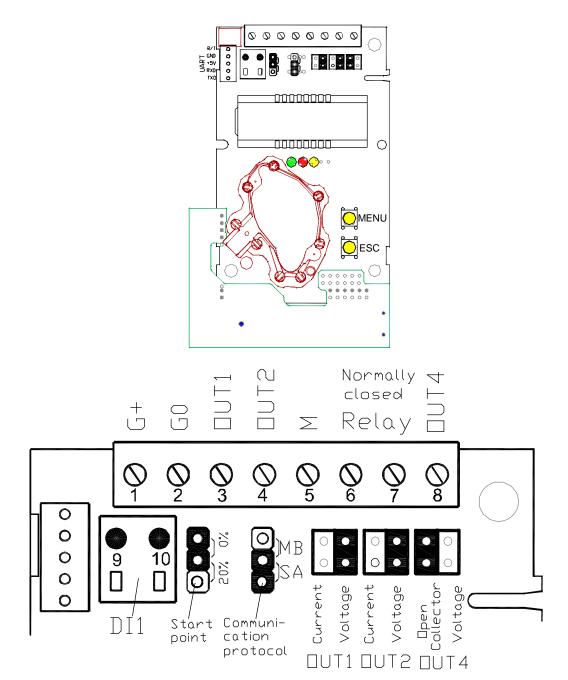
Figure 10. The *aSENSE™ m III* printed circuit board with the connection terminal area is enlarged. The terminal DI1 may be used for forced ventilation. If the sensor has a heater it is connected to G+ and G0.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

1. SenseAir warrants that for a period of twentyfour (24) months following receipt by Buyer the Product supplied by SenseAir to Buyer will be, under normal use and care, free from defects in workmanship or material and to be in material conformity with SenseAir's specifications. Units returned to SenseAir for warranty repairs shall be shipped to SenseAir**,** at Buyer's expense, according to SenseAir's instruction. Within ninety (90) days of the receipt of product, SenseAir shall replace or repair such units and shall ship them to Buyer's designated return destination freight pre paid.

2. Warranty Limitations. This warranty does not extend to any unit that has been subject to misuse, neglect or accident; that has been damaged by causes external to the unit; that has been used in violation of SenseAir's instructions; that has been affixed to any non-standard Accessory attachment; or that has been modified, disassembled, or reassembled by anyone other than SenseAir.

3. The retailer is not responsible for any consequential loss or damages, which may occur by reason of purchase and use of this product. The warranty is, in any event, strictly limited to the replacement/repair of the product

This product is in accordance with the EMC 2004/108/EC, 92/31/EEG including amendments by the CE-marking Directive 93/68/EEC
The product fulfils the following demands: EN 61000-4-2 level 2, EN 61000-4-3 level 2, EN 61000-4-4 level 4, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8 level 4, EN 55022 class B

CE